

## Q.P. Code: 20EE0253



OR

a State Norton's theorem. CO3 L1 2M4 b Find Norton's equivalent circuit across AB for the circuit shown. CO3 **5**M L3 50 40 Find the Norton's equivalent for the circuit shown below. CO3 L3 **5**M C 652 12 12 5525 1002 20A UNIT-III **CO4** 1.4 6M 5 Define Time constant of RL circuit. L4 **CO4** b Define Time constant of RC circuit. 6M OR a A series RL circuit with R=30 $\Omega$  and L= 15H has a constant voltage V=60v **CO4** L4 **6**M 6 applied at t=0.Determine the current "I", voltage across resistor and voltage across inductor. b A Series RL circuit with R=50Ω and L=10H has constant voltage V=100volts applied at **CO4** L4 **6**M t=0 by the closing the switch find the complete current. UNIT-IV 7 a Derive an expression for average values of sine wave form. **CO5** L4 6M **b** An alternating current is expressed as I = 14.14 sin 314t. Determine. **CO5** L2 6M (i) Maximum current (ii) RMS current (iii) Frequency (iv)Instantaneous current when t = 0.02msec. OR **CO5** L2 a Define Admittance and impedance. 4M8 b Derive an expression for the current and impedance for a series RC circuit **CO5** L4 8M excited by a Sinusoidally alternating voltage. Draw the phasor diagrams. UNIT-V Explain about Constant-K High-pass filter in detail. **CO6** 12 12M 9 OR L2 10 a Explain about short-circuit parameters. **CO6** 6M L2 **CO6 b** Find the Short-circuit parameters for the circuit shown in figure. **6**M 12 -畫主 \* 33 V V2 YA YC 1 7 \*\*\* END \*\*\*

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